String Processing

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Jerry Cain and Eric Roberts CS 106J May 3, 2017

String Calisthenics

Let's review some **String** methods you learned last time:

- ✓ "AEIOUaeiou".length
- √ "ABCDEFG".charAt(6)
- ✓ "Harry Potter".indexOf("a")
- ✓ "Harry Potter".indexOf("a", 6)
- √ "Harry Potter".lastIndexOf("tt")
- √ "bumfuzzle".substring(3, 7)
- √ "cabotage".substring(1, 1)

Generating Acronyms

 An acronym is a word formed by taking the first letter of each word in a sequence, as in

```
"North American Free Trade Agreement" → "NAFTA"
"not in my back yard" → "nimby"
"self-contained underwater breathing apparatus" → "scuba"
```

- The text describes and implements two versions of a function acronym(str) that generates an acronym for str:
 - The first version searches for spaces in the string and includes the following character in the acronym. This version, however, fails for acronyms like scuba, in which some of the words are separated by hyphens rather than spaces.
 - The second version looks at every character and keeps track of whether the algorithm is scanning a word formed composed of sequential letters. This version correctly handles scuba as well as strings that have leading, trailing, or multiple spaces.

Translating Pig Latin to English

Section 6.4 works through the design and implementation of a program to convert a sentence from English to Pig Latin. In this dialect, the Pig Latin version of a word is formed by applying the following rules:

 If the word begins with a consonant, the wordToPigLatin function moves the initial consonant string to the end of the word and then adds the suffix ay, as follows:

```
scram --- amscr
```

2. If the word begins with a vowel, wordToPigLatin generates the Pig Latin version simply by adding the suffix way, like this:

```
apple --- appleway
```

If the word contains no vowels at all, wordToPigLatin returns the original word unchanged.

Pseudocode for the Pig Latin Program

```
function toPigLatin(etr) {
    Initialize a variable called result to hold the growing string.
    for (each character position in str) {
        if (we're no yet scanning a word) Remember the start of this word.
    } else {
        if (we're no yet scanning a word) Remember the start of this word.
    } else {
        if (we're scanning a word) {
            Call wordToPigLatin to translate the word.
            Append the translated word to the result variable.
    } }
} }
} if (we're still scanning a word) {
        Call wordToPigLatin and append the translated word to result.
}

**Tunction wordToPigLatin (word) {
        Find the first vowed in the word.
} there are no woweds, return the original word unchanged.
If they are no woweds, return the original word unchanged.
If they are no woweds, return free ord male the first position, return the word concannated with "way".
        Divide the string tint no pass freed and tails before the vowed.
        Return the result of concatenating the tail, the head, and the string "ay".
```

#